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Using The Solar Panel Connected To The Backpack For Special Purposes

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ABSTRACT: In this study, a solar panel with a size of 255x185x17mm was installed in the backpack with a capacity of 5 Watt and 8.5V voltage and 0.6A current were produced. By connecting the output of the panel to the USB cable, a direct connection to the powerbank has been made. With this connection both the powerbank can be charged and the phone connected to it can be charged. The solar panels produce DC voltage. If an alternative signal is required, the AC signal can be obtained using the Inventer.People who have to do work in places where electricity is not available, as well as shepherds in the mountains and soldiers who are on guard duty can easily use this work. Placing the system in the backpack will provide great convenience in the transport angle and the required electrical energy will be achieved in whatever environment.

Keywords: Bag, Solar Panel, Powerbank

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I. INTRODUCTION

1. Solar energy

The sun is an abundant, unlimited, renewable and, most importantly, an energy source that is easily accessible without paying any price. A very large energy $(3.47 \times 1024 \text{ kJ} \text{ per unit time})$ is released by nuclear fusion reactions in the sun. Only $5 \times 10-11$ of this energy reaches the earth's surface. It is also a clean and environmentally friendly energy due to the fact that environmental problems that arise from the use of other fossil fuels do not generate energy from sunlight. Different forms of solar energy can be grouped under three titles [1].

1.1.Solar Batteries

Photovoltaic is the property of producing electrical voltage difference (voltage) when exposed to visible or other light temperatures. The word ustur photovoltaic ik is formed by the combination of the words "photo elektrik meaning" lightanlam and "voltaic anlam meaning electricity. Photovoltaic technology, that is, the term used to describe equipment that converts solar energy into usable power, produces electricity from light. Ir Photovoltaic battery ol is the photovoltaic unit that produces electrical energy. Although the definition of ir photovoltaic battery fot is widely used, it is also called "barrier layer photopile", üreten self-generating battery ", op solar battery" and rağmenphototronicphotopile "[2]. Solar cells (Fig. 5) are therefore one of the cleanest available sources of renewable energy, including semiconductors that convert directly into electrical energy by using sunlight to their surface [3].



BatteryModulePanelFigure 2. View of solar battery, module and panel [5]

The modules are absorpted to protect the solar cells and electrical connections from the outside. Photovoltaic panels are obtained by connecting the photovoltaic modules in parallel or in series. In this way, it is possible to obtain a voltage between 12-600 V [6] (Figure 6-7).



Figure 3. Photovoltaic installed power worldwide by 2012 [7]



Figure 4. Examples of photovoltaic applications; solar trolley [8], photovoltaic roof [9], traffic light [10] and street lamp [11].

2. Used Materials





The USB Pinout: front female face

Pin Name		Cable color	Description	
1	VCC	Red	+5 VDC	
2	D-	White	Data -	
3	D+	Green	Data +	
4	GND	Black	Ground	

Figure 5.USB pinleri [12]

2.1. KullanılanPanelinÖzellikleri

Model No :TT5-18P Maximum güçteçıkışvoltajı:8.51V Maximum güçteçıkışakımı:0.63A Açıkdevrevoltajı:10.51V Açıkdevreakımı:0.67A Boyutu :255x185x17cm Ağırlığı:0.57kg

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Figure 6. Structure of the panel used

2.2. PowerbankÖzel Kapasite:3000mah~5000m	likleri nah			
Marka:Remax				
Input		Voltage		:5V~8V
Output		voltage		:5V~8V
Input		Current		:1A~2A
Output Current	:1A~2A			
Usb	Output		Number	:1
Led Battery Indicator: Yes	s			







Figure 8. Panel attached to the bag



Figure 9.LED light bulb (6V-5W-6500K)

3. Experiments

Installation of the solar panel is made on the backpack. The solar panel's electrical outputs are connected to the powerbank to be charged. In the experiment, the powerbank was charged in about 5 hours. The graphs below show the graphs obtained in the experiments.



Figure 10. Powerbank's charge chart



Figure 11. Powerbank's graph of values taken during charging



Figure 12. Powerbank's graph of values taken by the voltage during charging



Figure 13. Powerbank's discharge chart

II. RESULTS

In this study, a solar panel with a size of 255x185x17mm was installed in the backpack with a capacity of 5 Watt and 8.5V voltage and 0.6A current were produced. By connecting the output of the panel to the USB cable, the powerbank is now available. With this connection both powerbank can be charged and the phone to be connected to it can be charged. The solar panels produce DC voltage. If an alternative signal is required, the AC signal can be obtained using the Inventer. Powerbank can charge 1350mAh alkaline phone battery in 2 hours, but the 5w USB bulb only burns 165 minutes. In this way, approximately 3000mah of energy is used. The design and application of the solar bag is easy to carry because of the non-electric settlements can be easily used in remote locations.

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